Important Vocab for the Editorial

- 1. **fall short of (phrase)** fail to meet/reach; be deficient/inadequate/insufficient.
- 2. <u>vaccine</u> (noun) a biological preparation that improves immunity to a particular disease.
- 3. <u>accelerate</u> (verb) promote, boost; expedite, speed up, step up.
- 4. <u>universal</u> (adjective) relating to all people; all-inclusive, all-embracing, comprehensive.
- 5. **tidings** (noun) news, information, reports.
- 6. <u>impose</u> (verb) force, thrust, inflict (an unwelcome decision).
- 7. <u>curfew</u> (noun) a rule which is instructing people to stay at home, typically at night.
- 8. (be) shorn of (phrasal verb) to have something important removed from you.
- 9. <u>deterrent</u> (noun) a person/thing that discourages an action and makes it difficult to do.
- 10. signify (verb) be evidence of, be a sign of, mark, signal, indicate, announce.
- 11. <u>unalloyed</u> (adjective) unconditional, unlimited, unrestricted, categorical, unequivocal, unambiguous.
- 12. **acknowledgment** (noun) acceptance, admission, recognition, realization.
- 13. in the midst of (phrase) in the middle of.
- 14. **squarely** (adverb) precisely, exactly, just, directly.
- 15. lay (verb) put, place, fall.
- lay something on someone (phrase) require someone to deal with a responsibility.
- 17. <u>rush through</u> (phrasal verb) to deal with/act on something very quickly.
- 18. **seek** (verb) try, aim, attempt.
- 19. <u>impression</u> (noun) feeling, notion, idea, thought, belief, opinion.
- 20. **hub** (noun) centre of activity; focal point.
- 21. as well as (phrase) and in addition.
- 22. growing (adjective) increasing.
- 23. <u>clamour</u> (noun) protest, complaint, outcry/commotion.
- 24. sing a different tune (phrase) change one's point of view on something.
- 25. want (noun) wish/desire.
- 26. dispense (verb) provide, administer, deliver.
- 27. **need** (noun) requirement/necessity.
- 28. <u>vulnerable</u> (adjective) relating to a weak/neglected person who is in need of special care/support/protection; ill-protected, easily affected by, prone to, at risk of.
- 29. <u>frontline staff/worker/responder/personnel</u> (noun) a person who is among the first to arrive and provide assistance at the scene of an emergency. First/front line workers/responders typically include paramedics, emergency medical technicians, police officers, firefighters, sanitary workers & etc.
- 30. <u>comorbidity</u> (noun) the presence of one or more additional conditions (diseases/problems) co-occurring/co-existing with a primary condition (disease/problem).
- 31. <u>shut down</u> (phrasal verb) cease activity, close down, cease operation.

- 32. <u>vague</u> (adjective) imprecise, inexact, unclear/uncertain.
- 33. <u>Covaxin</u> (noun) India's first indigenous COVID-19 vaccine candidate (COVAXIN) developed by a Hyderabad-based company (Bharat Biotech) in collaboration with the ICMR (The Indian Council of Medical Research).
- 34. constitute (verb) amount to, add up to, account for, comprise, represent.
- 35. portfolio (noun) a range of products or services.
- 36. **prioritised** (adjective) designated/considered as the most important.
- 37. <u>hit</u> (verb) reach, attain, touch, arrive at, get to, rise to (a particular level).
- 38. administer (verb) dispense, provide, give, apply (a drug/vaccine).
- 39. dose (noun) an amount/quantity of something.
- 40. given (preposition) considering, taking into account, bearing in mind.
- 41. <u>replenish</u> (verb) refill, fill up, recharge, reload; stock up, restock, restore.
- 42. **shortage** (noun) shortfall, deficiency, inadequacy, insufficiency.
- 43. adamant (adjective) uncompromising, inflexible, unrelenting, stubborn.
- 44. <u>there isn't one</u> (phrase) there is nothing like that something which is just mentioned; deny, disprove.
- 45. **prioritise** (verb) make a point of, highlight, call attention to (something as very important).
- 46. <u>unfetter</u> (verb) untie, unfasten, unhook (release from restrictions).
- 47. <u>endeavour</u> (verb) try (very) hard to do something; try, attempt, seek.

Falling short: on India's vaccine programme

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India must ensure there is no vaccine shortage and move to accelerate universal access

Easter has not brought good tidings to India. The number of daily new cases has risen by over a 100,000 — twice in three days. Delhi and Maharashtra have imposed night curfews, an idea, that is so shorn of evidence as being a deterrent to transmission that it only signifies panic. There is unalloyed acknowledgment at the Centre that India is in the midst of deep crisis and the blame has been squarely laid on the people who are not following 'COVID-appropriate behaviour'. In January, India rushed through two vaccines and sought to give the impression that it was the vaccine manufacturing hub of the world and could provide for its own vast population as well as for the world outside. However, with the national second wave that began in March and growing public clamour for making the vaccine available to all adult Indians, the government is singing a different tune: that vaccines were not to

be given by want but to be dispensed by need. Those who are most vulnerable to the disease: health-care workers, frontline workers, the elderly and those with comorbidities surely have the first right to protect themselves against the disease. The Serum Institute of India, unlike India's public sector vaccine companies that have largely shut down, is a private contractor for whom India is just another buyer. It can manufacture no more than 65 million doses a month and there is only a vague assurance that "most" of it would be for Indians. Covaxin constitutes less than 10% of India's vaccine portfolio and in March the Centre had ordered only 20 million doses more. Both firms have demanded that the government provide additional funds to expand manufacturing to enable more vaccines to Indians and the SII has also demanded a higher per vaccine price to guarantee prioritised supply.

Also read: <u>Health Minister attacks Maharashtra over its</u> demand for more vaccine supply

India has hit a record of administering 4 million doses a day — a significant number by global standards — and were this to increase given the widening public anxiety over the second wave, there is a need to replenish stocks every 10 days. Maharashtra, Chhattisgarh, Andhra Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh have been complaining of vaccine shortages though the Centre is adamant that there isn't one. While it is true that most countries have prioritised their health-care workers, they have also moved to rapidly expand access without barriers within. Several states in the United States, and Israel have unfettered access and the U.K. too has said it will prioritise its own needs before exporting. Therefore, the government must realistically clarify on its supply line and endeavour to accelerate universal vaccine access.