SOLUTIONS

> ANSWER KEY

1. (a)	2. (e)	3. (c)	4. (e)	5. (a)	6. (a)	7. (c)	8. (a)	9. (d)	10. (e)
11 . (a)	12. (c)	13. (a)	14. (b)	15. (d)	16. (a)	17. (c)	18. (d)	19. (c)	20. (d)
21 . (a)	22. (d)	23. (b)	24. (e)	25. (c)	26. (d)	27. (e)	28. (c)	29. (a)	30. (e)
31. (a)	32. (a)	33. (a)	34. (a)	35. (b)	36. (c)	37. (d)	38. (d)	39. (e)	40. (d)
41. (b)	42. (c)	43. (d)	44. (a)	45. (b)	46. (c)	47. (a)	48. (d)	49. (e)	50. (d)
51. (c)	52. (b)	53. (a)	54. (c)	55. (a)	56. (e)	57. (d)	58. (a)	59. (b)	60. (c)
61. (d)	62. (b)	63. (e)	64. (c)	65. (a)	66. (b)	67. (d)	68. (a)	69. (a)	70. (c)
71. (c)	72. (e)	73. (c)	74. (a)	75. (d)	76. (a)	77. (c)	78. (b)	79. (c)	80. (a)
81 . (a)	82. (d)	83. (b)	84. (b)	85. (b)	86. (d)	87. (a)	88. (a)	89. (e)	90. (b)
91. (b)	92. (c)	93. (e)	94. (b)	95. (b)	96. (c)	97. (e)	98. (d)	99. (e)	100. (b)

SOLUTIONS

31.
$$\frac{5}{3}$$
 of $1200 = ?+ 1100$
 $\Rightarrow 2000 = ?+ 1100 = 900$
32. Here, $\frac{1}{2}$ of $3842 + 15\%$ of $? = 2449$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times 3842 + \frac{15}{100} \times ? = \frac{15}{100} \times ? = 2449$
 $\Rightarrow 1921 + \frac{15}{100} \times ? = 2449$ [Put $x = ?$]
 $\Rightarrow 1921 + \frac{15}{100} \times x = 2449$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{15}{100} = 2449 - 1921$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{15x}{100} = 528$
 $\Rightarrow x = 528 \times \frac{100}{15}$

 $= 35.2 \times 100 = 3520$

$$33. 7072 \left| \frac{367 \times 16}{10} \right|$$

$$= 30 \times \frac{13}{12} \times \frac{?}{39}$$

$$\Rightarrow 7072 \div 141.44 = \frac{5 \times ?}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow 50 \times 6 = 5 \times ?$$

$$\Rightarrow 50 \times 6 = 5 \times ?$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{50 \times 6}{5} = 60$$

$$(2275)^{6} \cdot (15)^{10} \cdot (225)^{7} = (15)^{2-6}$$

34.
$$(3375)^6 \div (15)^{10} \div (225)^7 = (15)^{?-6}$$

 $((15)^3)^6 \div (15)^{10} \div (15^2)^7 = (15)^{?-6}$
 $\Rightarrow 15^{18-10-14} = (15)^{?-6}$
 $\Rightarrow -6 = ?-6 \Rightarrow ? = 0$

35.
$$\frac{1478.4}{56} + 66.8 \times 57$$

$$= ?\times 3 + 34 \times 34.5$$

$$\Rightarrow 26.4 + 3807.6 = ?\times 3 + 1173$$

$$\Rightarrow 3834 - 1173 = ?\times 3$$

⇒ ?×3 = 2661
⇒ ? = 887
36.
$$(13 + 2\sqrt{5})^2 = ?×\sqrt{5} + 189$$

36.
$$(13 + 2\sqrt{5})^2 = ? \times \sqrt{5} + 189$$

 $\Rightarrow 169 + 20 + 2 \times 13 \times 2\sqrt{5} = ? \times \sqrt{5} + 189$
 $\Rightarrow 189 + 52 \times \sqrt{5} = ? \times \sqrt{5} + 189$
 $\Rightarrow ? = 52$

37.
$$\mathbf{?^2} = \frac{(\mathbf{10} \times \mathbf{208} \times \sqrt{25})}{\sqrt[3]{17576}}$$
$$= \frac{10 \times 208 \times 5}{26} = 400 = 20^2$$

38.
$$0.22 + 0.0054 = ?-313.06$$

 $\Rightarrow 0.2254 + 313.06 = ?$
 $\Rightarrow ? = 313.2854$

39.
$$\frac{512}{?} \times \frac{39}{16} \times 328 = 128$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{32}{?} \times 39 \times 328 = 128$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{32 \times 39 \times 328}{128}$$

40.
$$(?)^2 + (164)^2 = (307)^2 - 272$$

 $\Rightarrow \qquad (?)^2 = (307)^2 - (164)^2 - 272$
 $\Rightarrow \qquad (?)^2 = 471 \times 143 - 272$
 $\Rightarrow \qquad (?)^2 = 67353 - 272$
 $\Rightarrow \qquad ? = \sqrt{67081} = 259$

- 41. Given, perimeter of the square = 72 cm
 ∴ Perimeter of the rectangle = $\frac{72}{2}$ = 36 cm
 - ∴ Perimeter of the rectangle = 2 (length + breadth) ⇒ 36 = 2(12 + breadth)⇒ $36 = 24 + 2 \times breadth$ ⇒ $2 \times breadth = 12cm$ ⇒ breadth = 6 cm

∴ Side of the square = $\frac{72}{4}$ = 18 cm

Hence, required difference

$$= 18 - 6 = 12 \, \text{cm}$$

- 42. Money received by Nitin = Rs. 300
 - 10% = 300
 - $100\% = 300 \times 10 = \text{Rs. } 3000$ \Rightarrow

So, Nikhil received Rs. 3000 from Nirmal.

43. Let the Sita's, Riya's and Kunal's monthyl income be Rs. 84x, Rs. 76x and Rs. 89x, respectively.

Then, $76x \times 12 = \text{Rs.} \ 456000$ $x = \frac{456000}{76 \times 12}$ \Rightarrow

x = Rs. 500

Sita's annual income = $84x \times 12$

 $= 84 \times 500 \times 12$ = Rs. 504000

 \therefore Kunal's annual icnome = $89x \times 12$

 $= 89 \times 500 \times 12$

= Rs. 534000

Hence, required sum = 504000 + 534000

= 1038000

44. Maximum marks in five subjects = 105×5

Nandita's marks scored = $525 \times \frac{80}{100} = 420$

Nandita's four subjects

(Hindi + Sanskrit + Maths + English)

Marks =
$$89 + 92 + 98 + 81 = 360$$

Hence, Nandita's makrs in science

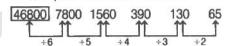
$$= 420 - 360 = 60$$

45. Suppose, present age of Purvi = x yr

and present age of Anil = 1.5x yr

 $\frac{1.5x + 8}{x + 8} = \frac{25}{18}$ Then, 27x + 144 = 25x + 2002x = 56 $x = 28 \,\mathrm{yr}$

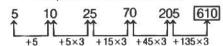
The pattern of the series is 46.



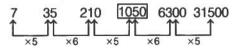
47. The pattern of the series is



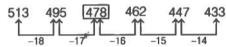
The pattern of the series is 48.



The pattern of the series is 49.



The pattern of the series is 50.



51. Case I Discount = 40%

Selling price =
$$60\%$$
 of 1000
= $\frac{60}{100} \times 1000$ = Rs. 600

Case II: Two successive discount are of 35% and 5%

 $=1000\times\left(1-\frac{35}{100}\right)\left(1-\frac{5}{100}\right)$ Selling price $= \frac{65}{100} \times \frac{95}{100} \times 1000$ = Rs. 617.5Difference = (617.50 - 600)= Rs. 17.50

- 52. $P = \frac{l \times 100}{R \times T} = \frac{864 \times 100}{8 \times 3} = \text{Rs. } 3600$
- 53. Required number

$$= 5000 \left(1 + \frac{24}{100} \right)^2$$
$$= 5000 \times \frac{124}{100} \times \frac{124}{100} = 7688$$

54. Total quantity of milk in the mixture of P and Q
$$\frac{2}{2+3}(5) + \frac{1}{1+2}(15) = 2+5=7$$

Total quantity of water

$$= (5+15) - 7 = 13$$

Ratio of milk to water in the final mixture

$$=\frac{7}{13}=7:13$$

55. Let R, S and P be the share of Rahim, Sonu and Praveen respectively

 $\frac{R}{S} = \frac{3}{4}, \frac{S}{P} = \frac{4}{5}$ Now, R + S = 400 + PAlso, $S = 400 + \frac{5S}{4} - \frac{35}{4}$ $\frac{1600 + 5S - 3S}{4} = S$ 1600 + 25 = 4S2S = 1600S = 800

56. Total number of exclusives recruited by all the organisation together in the year.

$$2013 = 480 + 495 + 464 + 508 + 488 + 518$$
$$= 2953$$

57. Required ratio

$$= (534 + 510) : (506 + 492)$$

= $1044 : 998 = 522 : 499$

58. Average number of Executives

$$= \frac{502 + 500 + 508 + 44 + 512 + 499}{6}$$
$$= \frac{2965}{6} = 499.16 = 494$$

59. Required percentage increase

$$= \frac{472 - 418}{418} \times 100$$
$$= \frac{54}{418} \times 100$$
$$= 12.918 = 12.92$$

60. Requried percentage

$$= \frac{510}{2854} \times 100 = 17.87$$
$$= 18\% \text{ (approx.)}$$

61. Let the capacity of the tank be CL.

Rate at which the tank is effectively filled = $\frac{C}{45}$ L/min Rate at which P and Q filled it are $\frac{C}{36}$ L/min and $\frac{C}{90}$ L/min

$$\frac{C}{45} = \frac{C}{36} + \frac{C}{90} - 3$$
$$C = 180L$$

62.
$$\frac{M_1D_1}{W_1} = \frac{M_2D_2}{W_2}$$

respectively.

$$\frac{24 \times 16}{1} = \frac{12 \times D_2}{1/2}$$

$$D_2 = 24 \times 16 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{12}$$

$$D_2 = 16 \text{ Days}$$

63. Present age of Rahul

$$= 15 \times \frac{7}{5} = 21 \,\mathrm{yr}$$

.. Present age of Dinesh

$$=21\times\frac{5}{3}=35\,\text{yr}$$

.. Age of Dinesh after 4yr

$$= 35 + 4 = 39 \text{ yr}$$

64. Here, distance is constant

Ratio of time
$$(Up)$$
 (Down)
Speed $2:1$
 $1:2$
 $M:S=(1+2):(2-1)=3:1$
 $1 \text{ unit } = 1.5 \text{ km/hr}$

Speed of stream in still water = $\frac{4.5}{3}$ km/hr = 1.5km/hr

Alternatively

Here, distance is contant

(Up) (Down)

Time 2 : 1

Speed 1 : 2

Now,
$$\frac{B+S}{B-S} = \frac{2}{1} \implies \frac{M}{S} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$\Rightarrow S = \frac{M}{S} = \frac{4.5}{3} = 1.5 \text{ km/hr.}$$

65. When four dice are rolled together n(S)

$$= 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 = 1296$$

Let *E* be the event that the sum is greater than or equal to 22.

Then, the outcomes favourable to E are

$$(4,6,6,6) \Rightarrow 4$$

$$(5,5,6,6) \Rightarrow 4$$

$$(5,6,6,6) \Rightarrow 4$$

$$(6,6,6,6) \Rightarrow 4$$

i. e.,
$$n(E) = 10$$

So,
$$P(E) = \frac{n(E)}{n(S)} = \frac{13}{1296}$$

.. The probability that the sum if less than

$$22 = 1 - P(E)$$

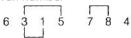
$$= 1 - \frac{13}{1296} = \frac{1283}{1296}$$

they may come \rightarrow da na ja ...(iii) From Eqs. (ii) and (iii), they \rightarrow da

From Eqs. (i) and (ii), are → ka

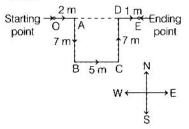
$$:$$
 there \rightarrow sa

67. (4) Given number



After arranging in descending order, new number → 8 7 6 5 4 3 1 Hence, such pairs of digits are 31, 53, 87.

68. Ajay's walking directions are as



OA = 2 m, AB = 7 m, BC = 5 m,

$$CD = 7 \text{ m}, DE = 1 \text{ m}$$

:. Required distance (OE)

$$=OA + AD + DE$$

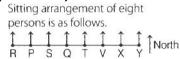
$$=(2+5+1) \,\mathrm{m}$$

$$= 8 \, \text{m}$$

- 69. C's grandfather's only daughter is mother of B. Hence, C is the cousin of B. Therefore, C's father is maternal uncle of B.
- 70. PRÉAMBLE

So, such pairs of letters are AE, BE.

Sol. (Nos 71-75)



- 71. O is second to right to P.
- 72. R and Y are seated at the two extreme ends of line.
- 73. There are three person (P, S and Q) between R and T.
- 74. V is related to as second person seated second to the right of the first person (Y).
- 75. P is seated second to the left of Q.
- 76. In the given arrangement, If all the even digits are deleted then,

:.11th digit from the right end is 9.

- **77.** There are two such 4*S* (9 **4** 5, **4** 5)
- 78. Arranging the alphabets as per English alphabetical order, within the word?
 AMN ACR ARW ACN NOT Four words begin with vowel.
- **79.** Secodnd from the right = C **A** N

 Third from the left = W A **R**Alphabets between A and R = 146
- 80. Changing the consonants to prevours letter and vowels to the next letter as per English, alphabetical order.

LBM BBQ VBQ BBM GPS All the words formed have no vowels.

- 81. Statement : $W \ge D < M < P < A = F$ Conclusions : I. F > D (E) II. P < W (X)
- 82. Statements: $H \ge M > F < A = B > S$ Conclusions: I. H > B (×) II. F < S (×)
- 83. Statements : B > T > Q > R = FConclusions : I. $Q \ge F$ (\times) II. T > F (E)
- 84. Statements : $S = R \ge Q$, P < Q, $S = R \ge Q > P$ Conclusions : $I. S \ge P \ (\times)$

II.
$$R > P(E)$$

- 85. Statement : $S \ge M < T = Z > F > T$ Conclusions : I. $S > F(\times)$ II. Y > T(E)
- Sol. (86 to 90)

 March June May Jan July April Feb Aug
 A E C B F G H D

 86. (d) 87. (a) 88. (a) 89. (e) 90. (b)

 Sol. (Q. 91-95)
- 91. $612 \Rightarrow 812; 589 \Rightarrow 789;$ $743 \Rightarrow 943; 468 \Rightarrow 668;$ $297 \Rightarrow 497$ Now, $\frac{812}{3} = 270.66; \frac{789}{3} = 263;$ $\frac{943}{3} = 314.33; \frac{668}{3} = 222.66;$ $\frac{497}{3} = 165.66$

... Only one number will be completely divisible by 3.

92. $612 \Rightarrow 621; 589 \Rightarrow 598;$ $743 \Rightarrow 734;468 \Rightarrow 486;$ $297 \Rightarrow 279$ 621; 734:279

... In three numbers, last digit is a perfect square.

93. Second lower number \Rightarrow 46 8

Highest number
$$\Rightarrow$$
 7 4 3 \Rightarrow $\frac{8}{4} = 2$

Hence, resultant number is 2

- 94. $612 \Rightarrow 621; 589 \Rightarrow 985;$ $743 \Rightarrow 743; 468 \Rightarrow 864;$ $297 \Rightarrow 972$ Highest number $\Rightarrow 985 \Rightarrow 589$
- 95. 297 < 468 < 589 < 612 < 743 Required sum = 6+1+2=9 Sol. (96 to 100)
- 96. Two persons are seated between Sunit and Seema.
- 97. Sanjeet faces Sonia.
- 98. Suraj sits on immediate left of Sujata is true.
- 99. Sapna and Sujata are sitting exactly in the middle of the rows.
- 100. Except Sonia, all other sit at extreme ends of the rows.